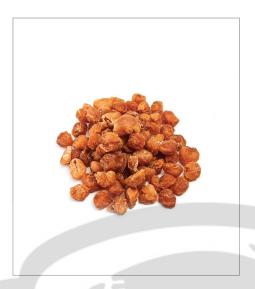
DNA Identification Sequences

Specimen: Longan

Description: Nucleotide collection (nt)

Program: BLAST 2.8.1+ Molecule Type: Nucleic acid

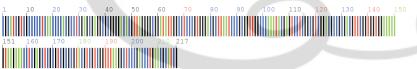




DNA barcode test is a molecular biology technique that uses a recognized and relatively short DNA fragment in the genome to identify species. It is fast, accurate, and free from the morphological characteristics of the sample. It is suitable for medicinal materials and bases. The identification of the original species is an effective supplement to the traditional Chinese medicine identification method. This study is based on the ITS sequence to identify the source of wild Longan.

XYSY1

CGCATCGTCGCCCCTCAACCCCACGCCTCGAGCGAGGCGCGGGGACACGTTAGGGGCGGA-TATTGGCCTCCCGTGGGACGCTTAATCCCGCGGTTGGCCCAAATACGAGTCCTCGGCGTCG-GACGCCGCGACGTTCGGTGGTGGAAAAAGTAAGAAACCTCGAGCTCGCGTCGCGCGTAC-GTCGTCGGTTTAAGGCTCCCGACCCTGAACGCATCG



XYSY2

CGCATCGTCGCCCCTCAACCCCACGCCTCGAGCGAGGCGCGGGGACACGTTAGGGGCGGA-TATTGGCCTCCCGTGGGACGCTTAATCCCGCGGTTGGCCCAAATACGAGTCCTCGGCGTCG-GACGCCGCGACGTTCGGTGGTGGAAAAAGTAAGAAACCTCGAGCTCGCGTCGCGCGTAC-GTCGTCGGTTTAAGGCTCCCGACCCTGAACGCATCG



Conclusion: Through the processing and analysis of the sample and data, we identified the closest species of the sample to the Latin name Dimocarpus longan, which identified the highest similarity species as Longan with a maximum similarity of 100.00%.



Alignment Scores <40 40-50 50-80 80-200 ≥200</p> 300 200 500





100% similarity to species:

Dimocarpus longan